

Across

- 3. Control used to simulate treatment
- 8. ____ review assessment by peers
- **10.** Primary doctor overseeing a trial (abbr.)
- **11.** Essential code for ethical research (1947)
- 13. Documented test procedures (abbr.)

Down

- 1. Phase ____ first stage of human testing
- 2. Long-term study: follow-___
- 4. Subject group not receiving treatment
- 5. ____-label all treatment details visible
- **6.** James ____ pioneer of clinical trials

14. Informed (ethical requirement)	$\textbf{7.}\ A\ group\ or\ treatment\ pathway\ in\ a\ clinical\ trial$
15. Location for testing new therapies	9. Type of assignment that removes bias
17. Common reference point in clinical comparisons	12. Adverse undesirable effect
	15. Form used for data entry (abbr.)
18. Predefined outcome used to assess a treatment	16. Clinical research (supports investigators)
19. Type of trial where treatment is concealed	20. Study of how the body processes drugs
22. Study conducted without bias	21. Investigator's Brochure (abbr.)
27. U.S. database of registered trials	23. Trial halted before completion: stop
29. Consent must be given (freely)	24. Ideal trial design: randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled
30. Common unit in dose measurement	25. Participants are often called
33. Type of clinical trial that tests a treatment	26. Pre-trial testing phase (animal/in vitro)
34. A request for authorization from FDA to	2.
administer an investigational drug or biological product to humans	28. Small group selected to represent a larger population
35. Acronym for Randomized Controlled Trial (abbr.)	31. Favorable outcome or improvement seen in response to treatment
36. Organization that regulates drugs (abbr.)	32. IRB stands for Institutional Board